The Daily Courant.

Monday, July 17 1704

London, July 17. *Three* Mails *arriv'd from* Holland *on* Saturday *the* 15*th inſtant*; *and brought the following Advices.*

From the Duke of Marlborough's *Camp at* Huiſeſa, *July* 6. YEſterday the whole Army paſſed the Danube over ſeveral Bridges made for that purpoſe near Donawert; Upon our coming on this ſide we found 22 of the Enemy's Pontons which they had not time to carry off, and a great Quantity of Meal in Casks on the River ſide. We have Advice, that the Elector's Army is encamped on the other ſide of the Lech near Ausbuurg; and we are now making Preparations to paſs that River, in Order to preſs the Enemy before they recover out of the great Conſternation they are yet under from our late Victory. When we are over that River, we ſhall be in the Heart of the Elector's Country. The Duke of Marlborough has given Orders, that this Day be obſerved as a Day of Thankſgiving throughout our Army, for the Succeſs wherewith it has pleaſed God to bleſs us; And Prince Lewis has alſo directed Te Deum to be Sung in his Camp, and in all the Towns adjoyning. The Daniſh Horſe commanded by the Duke of Wirtemberg encamp'd laſt Night on the Schellenberg, and having this Day paſs'd the Danube, are march'd to the Ground appointed for them in our Camp. Count Palſi arriv'd here this day with a Compliment from Prince Eugene to the Duke of Marlborough, upon his Grace's late Victory.

From the Duke of Marlborough's *Camp at* Ginderkingen, *July* 9. The 7th inſtant the Count de Friſe with a Detachment of 4000 Men, and 12 Pieces of Cannon, was order'd to prepare the Bridges for the Army to paſs over the Lech near this Place, which were finiſhed the ſame Evening without any Oppoſition from the Enemy. The Detachment thereupon immediately march'd over, and took Poſt in the Country of Bavaria, where they were reinforc'd yeſterday in the Afternoon by 6000 Men more: The whole Army march'd at the ſame time, and came and Encamp'd with the Right at Hamler, and the Left at Ginderkingen near the River. Upon the firſt Notice of our Troops having begun to paſs the Lech, the Garriſon of Neuburg march'd out, and retir'd to Ingolſtadt; a Detatchment of Dragoons was thereupon immediately ſent by the D. of Marlborough to take Poſſeſſion of that Place, and Prince Lewis of Baden has order'd General Herbeville, who commands a ſeparate Body of between 3 and 4000 Men on the other ſide of the Danube, to remain there for the ſecurity of a Place of ſo great Importance for our drawing Proviſions for the Subſiſtence of our Troops out of Franconia, while the Army continues in Bavaria. The Enemy have left a Garriſon at Rain, a ſmall Town about half a League on the other ſide of the Lech, which we ſhall Attack tomorrow, and the Army will paſs the River at the ſame time. The Elector of Bavaria's Army are intrenching themſelves near Ausburg, in hopes of receiving a ſtrong Reinforcement from the Rhine. Yeſterday Morning a Party of German Horſe brought in a French Colonel of Foot whom they had taken Priſoner his whole Party having deſerted him upon the firſt firing. The Count de Stirum dy'd this Afternoon of his Wounds.

From the D. *of* Marlborough's *Camp at* Burcheim, July 13. On the 10th inſtant the Army decamp'd from Ginderkingé, paſs'd the Lech, and came with the Right to Stauda and the Left to Burcheim. The 10000 Men who had paſs'd the River the Day before, were at the ſame time reliev'd by 9 Battallions, and 15 Squadrons that are to carry on the Siege of Rain under the Command of the Count de Friſe. Yeſterday the Army made a Motion to the Right to favour the Attack of that Place, and our heavy Artillery being now arriv'd, we ſhall open the Trenches this Night, and prepare the Batteries, in order to fire upon the Town tomorrow Morning. The Bridge on the Lech, which the Enemy deſtroy'd, is repairing, as is likewiſe that over the Danube at Neuburg, and we are making another Bridge over the Danube, between that Place and Donawert. The Count de Vehlen, General of the Palatin Horſe, is come hither from Prince Eugene of Savoy, with an account, that the Marſhals de Villeroy and Tallard have paſs'd the Rhine above Fort Kehl, and that they give out they both deſign to march to the Succour of the Elector of Bavaria, which 'tis certain one of them will attempt. Prince Eugene has thereupon deſir'd a Reinforcement of Horſe, and accordingly 30 Squadrons will march this Night to enable him the better to obſerve the Enemy's motions. An Expreſs is likewiſe ſent to him this Evening to let him know, That if he thinks it neceſſary, a further Number will follow. The ſtrength the 2 Marſhals have with them, is computed at 45000 Men; The Swiſs to the Number of 7000, refus'd to paſs the Rhine, and are left with ſome French Troops on the other ſide of that River.

A Liſt *of the* Officers *and* Soldiers *of the* Engliſh *Forces, that were* kill'd *or* wounded *in the Battle of* Donawert.

FOOT.

Of the *Foot Guards*. Lieut. Coll. Blunt, Capt. Raleigh, Capt. Weſt, Quarter-Maſter Bibey, kill'd. Lieut. Coll. Primroſe, Lieut. Coll. Farrers, Capt. Adams, Capt. Pocock, Enſign Smith, Enſ. Pearſon, Enſ. Rich, Enſ. Denys Pujolas, wounded. Sergeants kill'd 7. wounded 8. Centinels *kill'd* 75. *wounded* 127.

General *Churchil*'s Regiment. Enſ. Harriſon, Enſ. Caldicut, *kill'd*. Centinels *kill'd* 3. *wounded* 37.

Of the Earl of *Orkney*'s 1ſt Battallion of Scotch Royal. Capt. W. Murray, Enſ. Mac Dugal, Enſ. Mac Ilroy, *kill'd*. Coll. White, Major Cockburn, Capt. Hume, Capt. Irwin, Capt. Brown, Lieut. Kid, Lieut. Balentine, Enſ. Stratton, Enſ. Cunningham, Enſ. Stuart, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 38. *wounded* 103.

Of the E. of *Orkney*'s 2d Battallion. Capt. Baily, Lieut. Levingſton, *kill'd*. Major Kerr, Capt. Carr, Lieut. Pearſon, Lieut. Moor, Lieut. Vernel, Lieut. Hay, Lieut. Dickſon, Lieut. Hamilton, Enſ. White, Enſ. Mac Queen, Enſ. Mac Onway, Enſ. Moreniere, Enſ. Elliot, Enſ. Inglis, Enſ. Moor, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 12. Centinels, *kill'd* 76. *wounded* 184.

Of the Lord *North* and *Gray*'s Regiment. Capt. Croy, *kill'd*. Sergeants, *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 13. *wounded* 36.

Of Brigadier *Webb*'s Regiment. Enſ. Savage, *killd*. Enſ. Bazier, Enſ. Maſon, *wounded*. Sergeants, *wounded* 2. Centinels, *kill'd* 5. *wounded* 31.

Of the Earl of *Darby*'s Regiment. Major Mordaunt, Enſ. Charleton, *kill'd*. Lieut. Coll. Hamilton, Capt. Coghlan, Enſ. Key, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 1. Centinels, *kill'd* 19. *wounded* 34.

Of Brigadier *Hamilton*'s Regiment. Capt. Leas, Enſ. Gillman, Enſ. Walſh, Enſ. Penſant, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 11. *wounded* 32.

Of Brigadier *How*'s Regiment. Capt. Bolton, Capt. Leſley, Lieut. Morris, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 9. *wounded* 19.

Of Brigadier *Row*'s Regiment. Capt. Kygoe, Lieut. Johnſton, Lieut. Jo. Campbel, *wounded*. No Account of the Private Men of this Regiment kill'd or wounded.

Of Brigadier *Ferguſon*'s Regiment. Capt. Lawſon, Lieut. Seaton, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 18. *wounded* 57.

Of Lieut. Gen. *Ingoldsby*'s Regiment. Capt. Harman, Capt. Ogilvy, Lieut. Fraſer, Lieut. Agan, Lieut Price, *kill'd*. Coll. Sabin, Lieut. Coll. Jones, Major Ingoldsby, Capt. Eyme, Lieut. Jeverau, Lieut. Carrick, Lieut. Richards, Lieut. Cadroy, Lieut. Piggot, Lieut. Aldy, Lieut. Jones, *wounded*. Sergeants, *killd* 6. *wounded* 6. Centinels. *kill'd* 60. *wounded* 156.

Of the Duke of *Marlborough*'s Regiment. Capt. Powell, *kill'd*. Capt. Baily, Lieut. Stapleton, Lieut. Walley, Lieut. Gardiner, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1. Centinels, *kill'd* 28. *wounded* 44.

Of Coll. *Meridith*'s Regiment. Lieut. Cornwall. Lieut. Boukam, Enſ. Billing, Enſ. Jackſon, *kill'd*. Coll. Meridith, Lieut. Cairns, Lieut. Neale, Lieut. Biron, Lieut. Southerby, Enſ. Welſh, Enſ. Onſlow, Enſ. Wood, Enſ. Ogilvy,

Ogilvy, Enſ. Kent, *wounded*. Sergeants, *kill'd* 1 *wounded* 3. Centinels, *kill'd* 18. *wounded* 57.

DRAGOONS.

Of the Lord *Hayes*'s Regiment. Capt. Douglas, *kill'd*. Capt. Young, Lieut. Mallary, *wounded*. Private Men, *kill'd* 7. *wounded* 17.

Of Brigadier *Roſs*'s Regiment, Major Caldwell, Cornet Hamilton, *wounded*. Private Men, *killd* 4. *wounded* 19.

HORSE.

Of the five Regiments of Horſe. Capt. Carrington, Adjutant Skelton, *kill'd*. Major Gen. Wood, Coll. Palmer, Major Napper, Lieut. Tettefoll, Lieut. Kyrle, Cornet Charles Lawes, Cornet Ward, Cornet Clarke, Henry Scaredevill Chaplain of the Duke of Schomberg's Regiment, *wounded*. Private Men, *kill'd* 13. *wounded* 53.

Total of Officers, *killd* 29. *wounded* 85
of Sergeants and private Men, *kill'd* 407. *wounded* 1031

As for the Enemies Loſs in the Action on the Schellemberg, the Prints that came by theſe Mails afford no more particulars, than that the young Count of Arco, (Son of the General of that Name,) Monſieur Maffei and Monſieur Wolframsdorf, (both General Officers,) and Monſieur Maſſon a French Coll. were kill'd; to which ſome add Gen. Lutzelburg, but others ſay he and Gen. Zeefeld, eſcap'd to Neuburg; that the old Count of Arco and the Count of Sanfre were wounded; that 7 Bavarian Regiments, particularly the Elector's Guards and Regiment of Grenadiers, were utterly ruin'd; that the Allies took 800 Priſoners, and that a great Number of Deſerters are ſince come over to them; Theſe Prints add that the Electors Army intrench themſelves as ſtrongly as they can near Ausburg; that he now repents his having caus'd the Fortifications of that City to be demoliſh'd, under the Cannon of which he might otherwiſe have retir'd; that Bread is grown extream ſcarce and dear in his Camp; in ſhort that the Inhabitants of his Country are in a mighty Conſternation upon the Allies having paſs'd the Lech; and that the Electreſs not thinking her ſelf ſafe at Munich, is retir'd from thence with the Court to Braunau.

The Advices from Ratisbon of the 10th of July, ſay the Bavarian Miniſter, (thanks to neceſſity) had declar'd his Maſter's Troops ſhould evacuate that place the next Day.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 19.

Paris, July 19. A Courier has brought Letters from the Army of the Elector of Bavaria, giving an Account of a Battle fought near Donawert; The Subſtance of what they tell us, is, that the Engliſh and Dutch who compos'd the Vanguard, were repulſed twice with great Slaughter, inſomuch that they were diſhearten'd; when the Imperialiſts came up, and put themſelves into Order of Battle to make a third Attack. Then the Count d' Arco, ſeeing his Troops were tir'd, caus'd 8 Pieces of Cannon which could not be carry'd off, to be nail'd, and Retreated in good Order, having but 15 or 1600 Men kill'd or wounded. The Enemies had 6000 Men kill'd, 8000 wounded, 14 General Officers kill'd or wounded, and 8 Collonels and 10 Lieutenant Collonels kill'd, beſides a great Number of other Officers. We ſhall give the particulars of this Action more at large. The Elector of Bavaria who arriv'd the next Day, caus'd the Artillery, Ammunition and Proviſions to be carried off, the Forrage to be burnt, and the Fortifications of Donawert, which was not in a Condition of Defence to be blown up.

From the Paris Gazettes dated the 12th and 19th of July.

Strasburg, July 2 and 9. The 28th of laſt Month, the Army commanded by the Marſhal de Tallard broke up from Luterbourg and march'd to Roppenheim, where they halted the 29th to wait the coming up of their Baggage, the Roads being render'd very bad by continual Rains. The 30th the Army came to Herdt, within 2 Leagues of this City; and the 1ſt of this Month they paſs'd the Rhine, and encamp'd in the Neighbourhood of the Village of Kell, where they lay ſtill till the 4th refreſhing themſelves after their hard March through a Country that was in great part laid under Water by the overflowing of the Rivers. The 4th the Marſhal de Tallard broke up with his Army from Kell, and march'd and encamp'd at Hofwihr, a League beyond Offembourg on the Road to Fribourg. The 5th he march'd to Mieterſheim, and the 6th to Herberſheim near Kentzingen. The ſame day he advanc'd with the Van guard to Emmering at the Entrance of the Paſſage of Waldkirk, whence the 7th in the Morning he detach'd the Marqueſs of Courtebonne with 4 Regiments of Dragoons, 2 of Horſe, and 600 Grenadiers, to poſſeſs himſelf of the Paſſages between the Hills of the Black Forreſt. Soon after he caus'd the Marqueſs de Surville to follow him with more Troops. He has likewiſe made other Detachments to cover a Convoy of 2500 Waggons loaded with Meal and Ammunition, which he expects from Briſac, and were to joyn him yeſterday or to day. He will purſue his March to day or tomorrow, to paſs the Hills, and will divide his Army into ſeveral Bodies to facilitate the Paſſage of the Baggage, the Convoy, and the Artillery. The Army commanded by the Marſhal de Villeroy, (who march'd hither by the ſame Route as did the Marſhal de Tallard,) began to file over the Bridge of this City the 5th Inſtant, and to encamp at Kell, where the Marſhal de Tallard had left the King's Regiment with other Foot, and a Regiment of Horſe. The 7th the whole Army had paſs'd the Rhine, and the ſame Day at 4 in the Morning the Marſhal de Villeroy detach'd 10 Squadrons to joyn the Marſhal de Tallard. the Count de Coigny remains with a Body of Troops in the lower Alſace. Letters from Frankfort of the 2d Inſtant, adviſe, that the Engliſh Infantry had joyn'd the Enemies Army at Gingen the 27th of laſt Month, which Army was thereby Augmented to 60000 Men.

The Paris Letter, *or Gazette a la Main*, of the 18th of July, ſays they had Advice the Day before by an Expreſs, that the Marſhal de Tallard arriv'd the 13th at Villingen, with 36000 Men, having paſs'd the Black Forreſt without meeting any Oppoſition; yet the Paris Gazette of the 19th ſays nothing of it. The ſame Letter gives a Relation of the Battle of Donawert; but ſeeing the French will ſtand by no Accounts but what are printed in their Gazette, we forbear to tranſlate it, the rather becauſe the particulars at large are promis'd in the ſaid printed Gazette. We will only take Notice that beſides exaggerating the Loſs of the Allies to 6000 kill'd and 8000 wounded, this written Relation affords nothing worth obſerving except this paſſage, *The Duke of Marlborough having view'd the Bavarian Intrenchments, would have deferr'd the Attack till the next Morning, but the Prince of Baden adviſing againſt all delay, the Attack was begun forthwith.*

Philipsburg, July 12. Upon the coming of the Marſhals de Villeroy and Tallard into the Briſgaw with Deſign to march Succours to the Elector of Bavaria, Prince Eugene of Savoy has Order'd about 20000 Men to march from the Lines of Stolhoffen towards Rotweil; and will himſelf ſpeedily follow them.

Philipsburg, July 14. The 12th Prince Eugene went poſt after the Troops that he had order'd to march towards Rotweil. He has left 12000 Men in the Lines of Stolhoffen.

Frankfort Jul. 16. At the going away of the Poſt, Advice is come, that the Marſhal de Tallard is marching towards Villingen, and that the Marſhal de Villeroy is to march another way to joyn him there; but we learn at the ſame time, that Prince Eugene is actually arriv'd at Rotweil, in Order to obſerve the Motions of the Enemy with the Body of Troops he has already and the Reinforcement he expects from the Duke of Marlborough's Army.

Hague, July 22. The 15th the States receiv'd Advice of the Death of the Duke of Holſtein Pleun. Their High Mightineſſes have nominated Lieutenant General Dedem, and the Prince of Holſtein Beek Major General, to go and command in the rooms of Meſſieurs Goor and Beinheim, who were kill'd in the Fight on the Schellenberg. The Army commanded by Monſieur d'Auverquerque decamp'd from Montenaken the 14th inſtant, paſs'd the Mehaign, and march'd to Herbaie. The 15th they encamp'd with their Right at Marſin, and their Left at Seil upon the Maeſe, which River they paſs'd the 19th over ſeveral Bridges, and encamp'd within 2 Leagues of Namur. They have with them 4000 Waggons laden with Bread for 15 days, and Meal for the ſame time, 60 pieces of heavy Cannon, 40 Mortars, 10000 Cannon-bullets, and a proportionable quantity of Powder and other Ammunition. The Enemy have drawn their Forces towards Namur, and have reinforced the Garriſon of that place with 4 Battallions. The Elector of Cologne fearing a Bombardment, is retired from thence to Maubeuge.

London, July 17.

On Saturday Stocks were as follows, Bank 129. New Comp. 255. Shares 29 & 3 qrs. Old Comp. 133 & a half. Million Bank 87 & a half Sword Blades 84 & a half. African 19 & 3 qrs. Army Debentures 81.

Want of Room obliges us to refer to tomorrow's Paper, what we intended to ſay to day upon the Queſtion put in laſt Friday's Courant *to the Author of the Review of the Affairs of* France.

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